Hall	Tick	ket Number:										
			-									

## Code No.: 21214 S

### VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), HYDERABAD B.E. II Year (E.E.E.) I-Semester Supplementary Examinations, May/June-2017

#### **Partial Differential Equations and Numerical Methods**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer ALL questions in Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B

### Part-A (10 X 2=20 Marks)

1. Find the value of b<sub>1</sub> for the Fourier series  $f(x) = \frac{1}{4}(\pi - x)^2$ ,  $0 < x < 2\pi$ 

- 2. Define Dirichlet's Conditions.
- 3. Form PDE by the elimination of arbitrary constants for the following equation  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$
- 4. Solve (y-z)p + (x-y)q = z-x
- 5. Solve the equation  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} 2\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 0$  by the method of separation of variables.
- 6. Show that  $u = x^3 3xy^2 + 3x^2 3y^2 + 1$  is a solution of Laplace equation.
- State Lagrange's formula for unequal intervals.
- 8. Write Regula-Falsi iteration formula to find a root of the equation.

9. Prove that 
$$z \{\cos n\theta\} = \frac{z(z-\cos\theta)}{z^2-2z\cos\theta+1} if|z| > 1$$

10. Write the linear property of Z-transforms.

# Part-B (5 × 10 = 50 Marks) (All bits carry equal marks)

11. a) Find the Fourier series to represent the function f(x) given by

 $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 \le x \le \pi \\ 2\pi - x, & \pi \le x \le 2\pi \end{cases}$ 

b) Find the fourier series for the function  $f(x) = x - x^2$ , -1 < x < 1

12. a) Solve  $z^2(p^2+q^2+1) = a^2$ 

b) Solve  $2zx - px^2 - 2qxy + pq = 0$  by Charpit's method.

13. a) A tightly stretched string with fixed end points x = 0 and  $x = \ell$  initially in a position given by  $y = y_0 \sin^3 (\pi x/\ell)$  If it is released from rest from this position. Find the displacement y(x, t).

b) Solve the equation  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$  with boundary conditions  $u(x, 0) = 3 \sin(n\pi x/\ell)$ ,  $u(0, t) = 0, u(\ell, t) = 0$  where  $0 < x < \ell, t > 0$  14. a) Find the first, second and third derivatives of the function tabulated below at the point x = 1.5

X:	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0	
F(x)	3.375	7.0	13.625	24.0	38.875	59.0	

- b) Use Runge-Kutta method of 4<sup>th</sup> order to find y when x = 1.2 in steps of 0.1 given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y^2$  and y(1) = 1.5
- 15. a) Find the inverse Z Transform of  $\frac{z^2 + 2z}{(z-1)(z-2)(z-3)}$ 
  - b) Solve the difference equation  $y_{n+2} + 6y_{n+1} + 9y_n = 2^n$  given  $y_0 = y_1 = 0$
- 16. a) Expand  $\pi x x^2$  in a half range sine series in the interval  $(0, \pi)$ 
  - b) Solve  $p^2 q^2 = x y$

17. Answer any two of the following:

- a) Solve the Heat equation  $\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}\right)$  using method of separation of variables.
- b) Describe the procedure for obtaining first and second derivative of a function by Numerical methods.
- c) State and prove convolution theorem for Z-transforms.